MULTIPLE CHOICE  For each of the following, write the letter of the best choice in the space provided.

1. Geographers look at the world
   a. by studying cities first.
   b. at the local, regional, and global levels.
   c. by studying only its physical features.
   d. as separate regions with no effect on each other.

2. A geographer’s tools include
   a. maps and globes.
   b. satellite images.
   c. notebooks and tape recorders.
   d. all of the above.

3. Which of the following is an essential element of geography?
   a. uses of geography
   b. latitude
   c. movement
   d. relative location

4. The two main branches of geography are
   a. regional and local.
   b. cartography and meteorology.
   c. the study of water and the study of landforms.
   d. physical geography and human geography.

5. A social science is a field that studies people and
   a. geography.
   b. their relationships.
   c. their environment.
   d. the landscapes they create.

6. Which of the following questions might a geographer studying at a local level ask?
   a. Which products does a country export?
   b. What languages do people speak in South America?
   c. How do people in a town or community live?
   d. What features make up a physical region?
### 7. Globes can show
- **a.** specific information about a place, such as languages spoken or street names.
- **b.** a flat representation of Earth’s surface.
- **c.** the world as it really is.
- **d.** more information than maps.

### 8. Which of the following is not one of the five themes of geography?
- **a.** movement
- **b.** regions
- **c.** place
- **d.** environment

### 9. Your street address describes
- **a.** absolute location.
- **b.** relative location.
- **c.** your environment.
- **d.** your society.

### 10. Which of the following would a human geographer study?
- **a.** soils and plants
- **b.** maps and globes
- **c.** weather and climate
- **d.** economics and politics

### 11. Geography is considered a social science because it
- **a.** deals with people and how they live.
- **b.** can be studied using numbers.
- **c.** uses satellite imaging.
- **d.** is studied in all countries of the world.

### 12. Two basic types of satellite images are
- **a.** full color and infrared.
- **b.** true color and infrared.
- **c.** full color and heat.
- **d.** heat and true color.

### 13. The study of weather and its causes is
- **a.** geography.
- **b.** hydrology.
- **c.** meteorology.
- **d.** cartography.

### 14. Which theme of geography describes features that make a site unique?
- **a.** human-environment interaction
- **b.** movement
- **c.** place
- **d.** location
PRACTICING SOCIAL STUDIES SKILLS  Study the picture below and answer the question that follows.

______  1. Which theme of geography best describes what the picture shows?
   a. location
   b. movement
   c. regions
   d. human-environment interaction

FILL IN THE BLANK  Read each sentence and fill in the blank with the word in the word pair that best completes the sentence.

1. ________________ and other tools help geographers study the planet. (Maps/Landscapes)

2. Geographers who study the world on a ________________ level try to find relationships among people who live far apart. (regional/global)

3. The information gathered by ________________ helps geographers make accurate maps. (tape recorders/satellites)

4. The __________________ is a list of 18 basic ideas that everybody should understand about geography. (national geography standards/themes of geography)

5. Other branches of geography, such as ________________, examine certain aspects of the physical and human worlds. (technology/hydrology)
TRUE/FALSE  Indicate whether each statement below is true or false by writing T or F in the space provided.

_____  1. Geography is both a science and social science.

_____  2. Geographers divide the world into two regions based on latitude and longitude.

_____  3. Showing the round Earth on flat maps with distort some details.

_____  4. There are no similarities between the five themes and six essential elements of geography.

_____  5. Landforms, bodies of water, and the foods people eat are all aspects of human geography.

MATCHING  In the space provided, write the letter of the term that matches each description. Some answers will not be used.

_____  1. the study of the world, its people, and the landscapes they create
   a. physical geography

_____  2. a part of the world that has one or more common features that distinguish it from surrounding areas
   b. themes

_____  3. six important ideas that people use to organize their study of geography
   c. human geography

_____  4. the study of the world’s landforms, bodies of water, and other natural features
   d. essential elements

_____  5. the study of the world’s people, communities, and landscapes
   e. hydrology

_____  6. the five major ideas used to organize the study of geography
   f. meteorology

_____  7. all the features that makes a place unique
   g. landscape

_____  8. the study of water on Earth
   h. cartography

_____  9. the study of weather and its causes
   i. geography

_____ 10. the science of making maps
   j. region

   k. social science

   l. map